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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 10/085,100 03/01/2002 **Enric Amoros** 618-1018 7207 20582 7590 12/11/2003 **EXAMINER** PENNIE & EDMONDS LLP BUDD, MARK OSBORNE 1667 K STREET NW **SUITE 1000 ART UNIT** PAPER NUMBER WASHINGTON, DC 20006 2834

DATE MAILED: 12/11/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary Examiner Mark Budd The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply AMOROS ET AL. Ant Unit 2834	
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A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disp sition of Claims	i
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> is/are pending in the application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> is/are rejected.	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers	
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.	
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.	
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No	
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 	
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).	ď.
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.	,
Attachment(s) 2-30-03	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5:4-6 (a) Other: Other:	

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The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

These claims are vague, indefinite and inaccurate. In claim 1, lines 11 and 12, the claim states that "the engagement portion is configured ... to provide resistance against movement of the body members toward ...". This is inaccurate. While the spring resists movement of the first and second body members toward each other, it cannot be fairly stated that the engagement portion located on one of the body members has any part in resisting their relative movement.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent:

Claims 1-4, 6, 9, 11, 13-15, 17, 18, 20, 22, 23, 25-27, 29, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Johnson, Sadoya or Meury.

Each reference touches a piezoelectric ignighter using two relatively moveable body parts, a spring loaded plexor with lugs guided along ramp/cam surfaces that resist via shape and/or friction the release of the plexor lugs. Note Meury, figs. 1-5 and 10; Sadoya figs. 2, 8, 12 and 16; and Johnson figs. 5 & 6 (saw tooth cam).

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5, 7, 10, 12, 16, 19, 21, 24, 28, 30 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Johnson, Sadoya or Meury.

As noted above the references teach the basic piezoelectric ignition mechanism. The references do not explicitly teach a curved cam surface, resilient materials or the extended wand configuration for the body. However, curved cam surfaces are well known per se and can be used for e.g. smoother transitions. Selection from among known materials has long been held to be within the skill expected of the routineer. The extended body is a known ignition mechanism configuration (official notice taken). Thus to modify the basic ignighter with a resilient material, extended body and/or curved cam surface would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art for at least the afore mentioned reasons.

Further cited of interest are La Forest (530) (figs. 1-5 & 11-14), Frigiere (figs. 6 & 7), La Forest (588) (figs. 1-3 & 6-11) and Ohnishi (figs. 4 & 6).

Budd/ek

11/28/03